PROLABS - XFP-10G-L-OC192-SR1-C

10 Gigabit 1310nm SingleMode XFP Optical Transceiver

XFP-10G-L-OC192-SR1-C Overview

ProLabs's XFP-10G-L-OC192-SR1-C 10 GBd XFP optical transceivers are designed for the IEEE 802.3ae 10GBASE-LR, 10GBASE-LW and 10GFC 1200-SM-LL-L interconnects. The XFP-10G-L-OC192-SR1-C are compliant with the XFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) Specification. The Digital diagnostics functions are available via 2-wire serial interface, as specified in the XFP MSA.

Product Features

- Up to 9.95 GBd to 10.5 GBd bit rates.
- Compliant with IEEE 802.3ae, 10GBASE-LR/LW, 10GFC application.
- Compliant with XFP MSA.
- Uncooled 1310nm DFB laser.
- 30 pin XFP compatible connector.
- Standard bail mechanism for consistent installation and removal
- Built-in digital diagnostic functions.
- Hot Pluggable XFP footprint.
- Duplex LC Connectors.
- Up to 10km on SMF
- RoHS Compliance
- Operating temperature range: 0°C to 70°C.

Applications

- 10GBASE-LR 10G Ethernet
- 10GBASE-LW 10G Ethernet
- 1200-SM-LL-L 10G Fiber Channel

Ordering Information

| Part Number | Description | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| XFP-10G-L-OC192-SR1-C | 10 Gigabit XFP Transceiver, LC Connectors, 1310nm, SingleMode | | | | | | |
| | Fiber 10km | | | | | | |

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parame | ter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Remarks |
|------------------------|---------|---------------------|-------------|-----|-----|------|---------|
| Storage Temperature | Ambient | $T_{\mathbb{S}}$ | - 40 | | 85 | °C | |
| Supply Voltage | 5V | | - 0.5 | | 5.5 | | |
| Supply Voltage | 3.3V | V _{CC_3} | - 0.5 | | 4 | V | |
| Supply Voltage | 1.8V | V _{CC_1.8} | - 0.5 | | 2 | V | |



General Specifications

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Remarks |
|--|---------------------|------|-----|-------------------|------|--------------------------------|
| Data Rate | DR | 9.95 | | 10.5 | GBd | 10GBASE-LR/LW 1200-SM- LL-L |
| Bit Error Rate | BER | | | 10 ⁻¹² | | |
| Total Power Consumption | Р | | | 2.5 | W | |
| Supply Voltage – 5V | V_{CC_5} | 4.75 | | 5.25 | V | Operating Environment |
| Supply Voltage – 3.3V | V _{CC_3} | 3.13 | | 3.45 | V | Operating Environment |
| Supply Voltage – 1.8V | V _{CC_1.8} | 1.71 | | 1.89 | V | Operating Environment |
| Supply Current -V _{CC_3} supply | I _{CC_3} | | | 265 | mA | |
| Supply Current -V _{CC_1.8} supply | I _{CC_1.8} | | | 320 | mA | |
| Case Operating Temperature | T_C | 0 | | 70 | °C | |

Link Distances

| Parameter | Fiber Type | Distance Range (Km) |
|-----------------|-------------|---------------------|
| 9.95 – 10.5 GBd | 9/125um SMF | 10 |

Optical Characteristics - Transmitter

 V_{CC} 5=4.75V to 5.25V, V_{CC} 3=3.13V to 3.45V, V_{CC} 1.8=1.71V to 1.89V, T_{C} =0°C to 70°C

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Remarks |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-------|---------|
| Optical Wavelength | λ | 1260 | | 1350 | nm | |
| Optical Power | P_{OUT} | | | 0.5 | dBm | Average |
| Launch Power in OMA | $P_{	extit{OUT_OMA}}$ | -4.8 | | | dBm | |
| Launch Power of OFF Transmitter | P_{OUT_OFF} | | | - 30 | dBm | Average |
| Side Mode Suppression Ratio | SMSR | 30 | | | dB | |
| Optical Extinction Ratio | ER | 3.5 | | | dB | |
| Relative Intensity Noise | RIN | | | – 130 | dB/Hz | |
| Transmitter Dispersion Penalty | TDP | | | 3.2 | dB | |
| Transmitter Jitter | Accordin | g to IEEE | 802.3ae r | equirement | t | |

Optical Characteristics - Receiver

 V_{CC} 5=4.75V to 5.25V, V_{CC} 3=3.13V to 3.45V, V_{CC} 1.8=1.71V to 1.89V, T_{C} =0°C to 70°C

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Remarks |
|---|--------------------|------|-----|-------------|------|--|
| Center Wavelength Range | λ_{C} | 1260 | | 1600 | nm | |
| Optical Input Power | P _{IN} | 0.5 | | | dBm | |
| Receiver Sensitivity in OMA @ 10.3Gb/s | P _{SENS1} | | | - 12.6 | dBm | Measured with worst ER: BER<10 ⁻¹² 2 ³¹ -1 PRBS |
| Stressed Receiver Sensitivity in OMA @ 10.3Gb/s | P _{SENS2} | | | - 10.3 | dBm | IEEE 802.3ae |
| Receiver Reflectance | TR_{RX} | | | – 12 | dB | |
| LOS De-Assert | LOS_D | | | – 18 | dBm | |
| LOS Assert | LOS_A | - 32 | | | dBm | |
| LOS Hysteresis | | 0.5 | | | dB | |



Electrical Characteristics – Transmitter

 V_{CC} 5=4.75V to 5.25V , V_{CC} 3=3.13V to 3.45V, V_{CC} 1.8=1.71V to 1.89V, T_{C} =0°C to 70°C

| | , 00_0 | | , 00_110 | | , , | | |
|-------------------------|----------|-----------------|----------|-----|-----------------|------|----------------------------|
| Parameter | | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Remarks |
| Input diffe impedance | erential | R _{in} | | 100 | | Ω | After internal AC coupling |
| Differential data swing | input | V_{IN_PP} | 120 | | 820 | mV | |
| Transmit Disable Vol | ltage | V_D | 2 | | V _{CC} | V | Or open circuit |
| Transmit Enable Volt | tage | V_{EN} | GND | | GND+0.8 | V | |
| Transmit Disable Time | Assert | | | | 10 | us | |

Electrical Characteristics – Receiver

 V_{CC} 5=4.75V to 5.25V , V_{CC} 3=3.13V to 3.45V, V_{CC} 1.8=1.71V to 1.89V, T_{C} =0°C to 70°C

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Remarks |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----|----------------------|------|---------|
| Differential data output swing | V _{OUT_PP} | 340 | 650 | 850 | mV | |
| Data output rise time | T_R | | | 38 | ps | 20%-80% |
| Data output fall time | T_F | | | 38 | ps | 20%-80% |
| LOS Fault | V_{LOS_F} | V _{CC} -0.5 | | V _{CC HOST} | V | |
| LOS Normal | V _{LOS N} | GND | | GND+0.5 | V | |

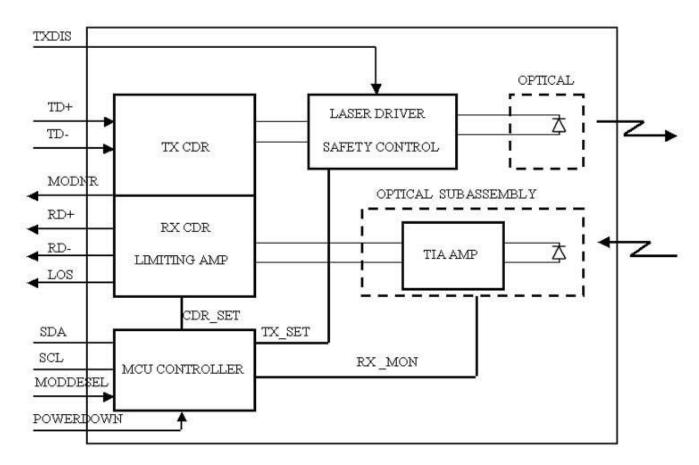
Digital Diagnostic

ProLabs's XFP-10G-L-OC192-SR1-C incorporates a XFP compliant 2-wire management interface which is used for serial ID, digital diagnostics, and certain control functions. It is modeled on the SFF-8472 Rev 9.3 specification modified to accommodate a single 2-wire interface address. In addition to the basic I²C read/write functionality the modules support packet error checking that, when enabled, allows the host system to confirm the validity of any read data. Details of the protocol and interface are explicitly described in the MSA. And the digital diagnostic functions via a 2-wire serial interface can provide real-time access to following operating parameters:

- a. Transceiver Temperature
- b. Laser Bias Current
- c. Transmitted Optical Powerd. Received Optical Power
- e. Transceiver Supply Voltage



Block Diagram



Transmitter Section:

The Laser Driver accept differential input data and provide bias and modulation currents for driving a laser. An automatic power control (APC) feedback loop is incorporated to maintain a constant average optical power. Laser in an eye safe optical subassembly (OSA) mates to the fiber cable. TX CDR is used to overcomes host board and connector signal degradations by reshaping, regenerating, and attenuating jitter.

TXDIS:

TX_DIS is a input pin. When TX_DIS is asserted High, the XFP module transmitter output must be turned off.

Receiver Section:

The Receiver utilizes a PIN detector integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier in an OSA. The OSA is connected to a limiting Amplifier which providing post-amplification quantization, and optical signal detection. The limiting amplifier is AC coupled to the Trans-impedance amplifier , with internal 100ohm differential termination. RX CDR is used to overcomes host board degradations by reshaping, regenerating, and attenuating jitter.

LOS

The LOS of an output pin , when LOS is high, it indicates insufficient optical power for reliable signal reception.

MODNR:

The MODNR is an output pin that when High, indicates that the module has detected a condition that renders transmitter and or receiver data invalid, shall consist of logical OR of the following signals:

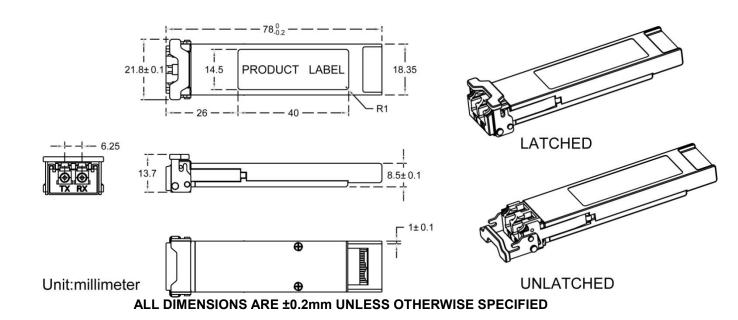
- a. Transmit Signal Conditioner Loss of Lock
- b. Transmitter Laser Fault
- c. Receiver Signal Conditioner Loss of Lock

Controller Section

The micro controller unit initializes the control register of laser driver, limiting amplifier and CDR. And monitors the running information from the laser driver, limiting amplifier and CDR. Then report these information to the customer.

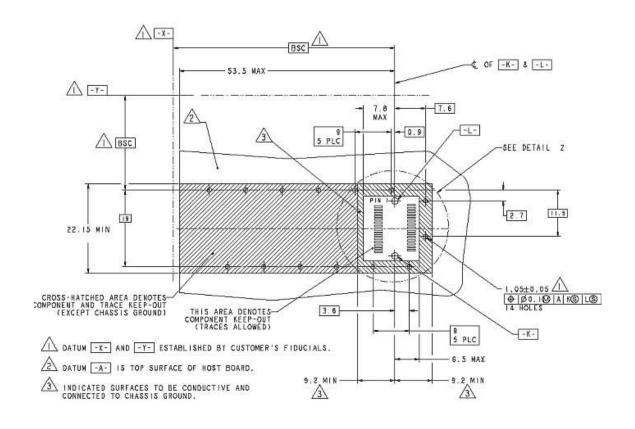


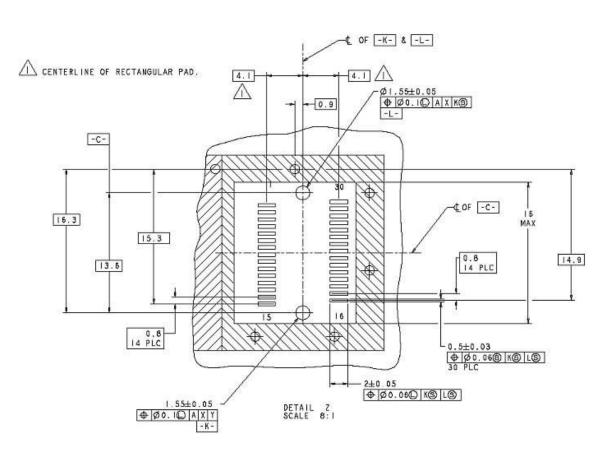
Dimensions





PCB Layout Recommendation







Pin Assignment – Pin 1 to Pin 23

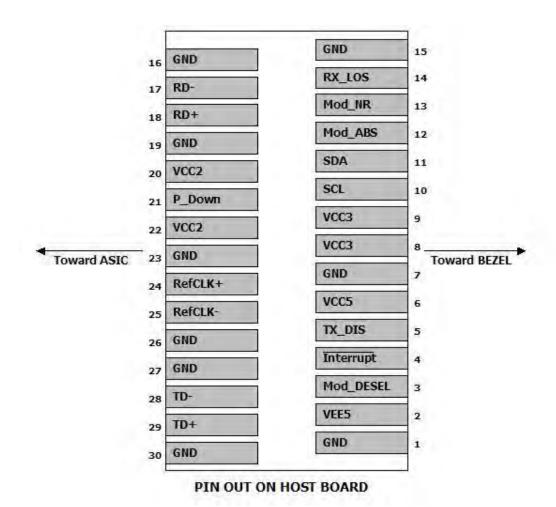
| PIN# | Symbol | Logic | Description | Remarks |
|------|------------|-----------|--|---|
| 1 | GND | | Module Ground | Module ground pins (GND) are isolated from the module case and chassis ground within the module |
| 2 | VEE5 | | Optional – 5.2 Power Supply (Not required) | |
| 3 | Mod-Desel | LVTTL-I | Module De-select, when held low allows the module to respond to 2-wire serial interface commands | |
| 4 | Interrupt | LVTTL-O | Indicates presence of an important condition which can be read over the serial 2-wire interface | Open collector, should be pulled up with $4.7k\Omega$ - $10k\Omega$ on host board to a voltage between $3.15V$ and $3.6V$ |
| 5 | TX_DIS | LVTTL-I | Transmitter Disable, Transmitter laser source turned off | |
| 6 | VCC5 | | +5V Power Supply | |
| 7 | GND | | Module Ground | Same as Pin# 1 |
| 8 | VCC3 | | +3.3V Power Supply | |
| 9 | VCC3 | | +3.3V Power Supply | |
| 10 | SCL | LVTTL-I | Serial 2-wire interface clock | Same as Pin# 4 |
| 11 | SDA | LVTTL-I/O | Serial 2-wire interface data line | Same as Pin# 4 |
| 12 | Mod_Abs | LVTTL-O | Module Absent, Indicates module is not present. Grounded in the module | Same as Pin# 4 |
| 13 | Mod_NR | LVTTL-O | Module Not Ready, Indicates Module operating fault | Same as Pin# 4 |
| 14 | RX_LOS | LVTTL-O | Receiver Loss of Signal indicator | Same as Pin# 4 |
| 15 | GND | | Module Ground | Same as Pin# 1 |
| 16 | GND | | Module Ground | Same as Pin# 1 |
| 17 | RD- | CML-O | Receiver inverted data output | |
| 18 | RD+ | CML-O | Receiver non-inverted data output | |
| 19 | GND | | Module Ground | Same as Pin# 1 |
| 20 | VCC2 | | +1.8V Power Supply | |
| 21 | P_Down/RST | LVTTL-I | Power Down, When high, places the module in the low power stand-by mode and on the falling edge of P_Down initiates a module rest Reset, The falling edge initiates a complete reset of the module including the 2-wire serial interface, equivalent to a power cycle | |
| 22 | VCC2 | | +1.8V Power Supply | |
| 23 | GND | | Module Ground | Same as Pin# 1 |



Pin Assignment - Pin 24 to Pin 30

| PIN# | Symbol | Logic | Description | Remarks |
|------|---------|--------|--|----------------|
| 24 | RefCLK+ | PECL-I | Reference Clock non-inverted input, AC coupled on the host board | |
| 25 | RefCLK- | PECL-I | Reference Clock inverted input, AC coupled on the host board | |
| 26 | GND | | Module Ground | Same as Pin# 1 |
| 27 | GND | | Module Ground | Same as Pin# 1 |
| 28 | TD- | CML-I | Transmitter inverted data input | |
| 29 | TD+ | CML-I | Transmitter non-inverted data input | |
| 30 | GND | | Module Ground | Same as Pin# 1 |

Electrical Pad Layout



References

1. 10 Gigabit Small Form Factor Pluggable Module (XFP) Multi-Source Agreement (MSA), Rev 4.5 – August 2005.